

Table 5.13c Consumption of Fossil Fuels at Independent Power Producers in Utah, 1990-2005

Year	Coal <sup>1</sup>		Percent of Total	Petroleum		Percent of Total	Natural Gas		Percent of Total	Other Gases <sup>2,3</sup>		Percent of Total	Fossil Fuel Total	
	Thousand Short Tons	Trillion Btu		(Trillion Btu)	Thousand Barrels		Trillion Btu	(Trillion Btu)		Million Cubic Feet	Trillion Btu	(Trillion Btu)	Trillion Btu	Btu
1990	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	0.0
1991	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	0.0
1992	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	0.0
1993	214.6	2.3	98.1	7.7	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.3
1994	386.8	4.1	99.4	4.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.2
1995	368.6	3.9	99.3	5.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0
1996	378.2	4.1	99.4	3.9	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.1
1997	402.0	4.3	99.3	5.3	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.3
1998	430.0	4.6	98.9	8.6	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.7
1999	421.2	4.5	99.6	3.3	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5
2000	476.2	5.1	99.8	1.8	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.1
2001	502.5	5.4	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.4
2002	494.7	5.3	82.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,075.4	1.1	17.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.4
2003	514.6	5.5	91.2	3.2	0.0	0.3	489.5	0.5	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0
2004	509.0	5.5	99.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.8	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.5
2005*	1,302.0	13.9	96.7	2.0	0.0	0.1	448.0	0.5	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.4

<sup>1</sup>Waste coal burned at Sunnyside Cogen - averages 10.71 Btu/short ton<sup>2</sup>Million cubic feet to trillion Btu conversion factors are estimated (assumed to be the same as natural gas)<sup>3</sup>Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels

\*Preliminary

Source: [EIA, Electric Power Annual - Historical state-level tables](#)